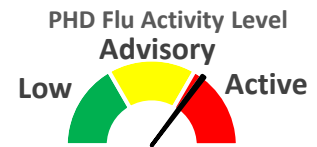




Panhandle Health District Epidemiology Disease Bulletin

October 2023

Disease	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
2019-nCoV		16740	28605	19579	2194
Aseptic meningitis	1	3		1	4
Botulism, foodborne		2			
Botulism, infant	1				
Botulism, wound				1	
Campylobacteriosis	31	30	30	32	29
Chlamydia	732	557	542	560	481
Cryptosporidiosis	17	7	1	10	12
Elevated Blood Lead	51	55	66	92	70
Giardiasis	10	5	8	9	9
Gonorrhea	135	83	111	137	96
Group A Strep, invasive	16	14	7	7	14
Haemophilus influenzae, invasive	6	2	6	7	6
Hepatitis A	1	1		3	3
Hepatitis B	9	6	9	14	14
Hepatitis C	275	277	233	166	119
HIV	15	7	8	10	3
Influenza			2	17	17
Legionellosis	2	1	2	4	2
Lyme disease	1	1	3	6	5
Malaria				1	
Mpox (Monkeypox)				1	
Mumps					1
Neisseria meningitidis, invasive (Mening. disease)			1		
Noroviruses	6	1	2		25
Pertussis	52	17	1	3	4
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	198	171	384	362	96
S. aureus, coag+, meth- or oxi- resistant (MRSA)	7	11	26	22	28
Salmonellosis (excl S. Typhi and S. Paratyphi)	19	25	18	16	44
Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC)	20	11	5	10	3
Shigellosis	1	1	2	2	2
Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis	5	2	1	3	2
Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome	3				1
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive disease (IPD)			7	12	7
Syphilis, non-congenital	27	20	30	56	37
Tuberculosis		1		1	1
Yersinosis	1		1	2	5
Zika virus disease, non-congenital					1



Notes:

Community Health Assessment Survey – Responses help Panhandle Health District best serve our community. Participation is confidential and voluntary. [Panhandle Health District Community Health Assessment Survey \(surveymonkey.com\)](https://www.surveymonkey.com/s/panhandle-health-district-community-health-assessment-survey)

Respiratory illness season has begun -- If you are sick, your symptoms don't improve for 10 days, or also have:

- Fever or
- Shortness of breath or
- Sputum/plegm or
- Night sweats or
- Unexplained weight loss or
- Difficulty breathing or
- Coughing up blood or
- Chest pain or
- Confusion or
- Fainting,

Seek medical attention.

Upcoming holiday travel – common sources of illness during the holiday season include travel on airplanes, trains, or buses and contaminated foods. The best ways to prevent illness are to [wash your hands frequently](#), [practice safe coughing and sneezing etiquette](#), and practicing [safe food preparation techniques](#).

Current Outbreaks:

None